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252.212-7002 Pilot Program for Acquisition of Military-Purpose Nondevelopmental Items.

As prescribed in 212.7103, use the following provision:

PILOT PROGRAM FOR ACQUISITION OF MILITARY-PURPOSE NON-DEVELOPMENTAL ITEMS (JUN 2011)

(a) Definitions. As used in this provision—Military-purpose nondevelopmental item means a nondevelopmental item that meets a validated military requirement, as determined in writing by the responsible program manager, and has been developed exclusively at private expense. An item shall not be considered to be developed at private expense if development of the item was paid for in whole or in part through—

(1) Independent research and development costs or bid and proposal costs, per the definition in FAR 31.205-18, that have been reimbursed directly or indirectly by a Federal agency or have been submitted to a Federal agency for reimbursement; or

(2) Foreign government funding.

"Nondevelopmental item" is defined in FAR 2.101 and for the purpose of this subpart also includes previously developed items of supply that require modifications other than those customarily available in the commercial marketplace if such modifications are consistent with the requirement of DFARS 212.7102–2(d)(1).

Nontraditional defense contractor means an entity that is not currently performing and has not performed, for at least the one-year period preceding the solicitation of sources by the Department of Defense for the procurement or transaction, any of the following for the Department of Defense—

- (1) Any contract or subcontract that is subject to full coverage under the cost accounting standards prescribed pursuant to Section 26 of the Office of Federal Procurement Policy Act (41 U.S.C. section 1502) and the regulations implementing such section; or
- (2) Any other contract in excess of the certified cost or pricing data threshold under which the contractor is required to submit certified cost or pricing data.
- (b) Notice. This is a procurement action under section 866 of the National Defense Authorization Act for Fiscal Year 2011, Pilot Program for Acquisition of Military-Purpose Nondevelopmental Items, and is subject to the limitations outlined in DFARS 212.7102.
- (c) Representation. By submission of its offer, the offeror represents that it is a non-traditional defense contractor.

(End of provision)

[76 FR 38050, June 29, 2011]

252.215-7000 Pricing adjustments.

As prescribed in 215.408(1), use the following clause:

PRICING ADJUSTMENTS (DEC 1991)

The term "pricing adjustment," as used in paragraph (a) of the clauses entitled "Price Reduction for Defective Cost or Pricing Data—Modifications," "Subcontractor Cost or Pricing Data," and "Subcontractor Cost or Pricing Data—Modifications," means the aggregate increases and/or decreases in cost plus applicable profits.

(End of clause)

[56 FR 36479, July 31, 1991, as amended at 62 FR 40473, July 29, 1997; 63 FR 55052, Oct. 14, 1998]

252.215-7001 [Reserved]

252.215-7002 Cost estimating system requirements.

As prescribed in 215.408(2), use the following clause:

COST ESTIMATING SYSTEM REQUIREMENTS (MAY 2011)

(a) Definitions.

Acceptable estimating system means an estimating system complies with the system criteria in paragraph (d) of this clause, and provides for a system that—

- (1) Is maintained, reliable, and consistently applied;
- (2) Produces verifiable, supportable, documented, and timely cost estimates that are an acceptable basis for negotiation of fair and reasonable prices;
- (3) Is consistent with and integrated with the Contractor's related management systems; and
- (4) Is subject to applicable financial control systems.

Estimating system means the Contractor's policies, procedures, and practices for budgeting and planning controls, and generating estimates of costs and other data included in proposals submitted to customers in the expectation of receiving contract awards. Estimating system includes the Contractor's—

- (1) Organizational structure;
- (2) Established lines of authority, duties, and responsibilities;
- (3) Internal controls and managerial reviews;
- (4) Flow of work, coordination, and communication; and
- (5) Budgeting, planning, estimating methods, techniques, accumulation of historical

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costs, and other analyses used to generate cost estimates.

Significant deficiency means a shortcoming in the system that materially affects the ability of officials of the Department of Defense to rely upon information produced by the system that is needed for management purposes.

- (b) *General*. The Contractor shall establish, maintain, and comply with an acceptable estimating system.
- (c) Applicability. Paragraphs (d) and (e) of this clause apply if the Contractor is a large business and either—
- (1) In its fiscal year preceding award of this contract, received Department of Defense (DoD) prime contracts or subcontracts, totaling \$50 million or more for which cost or pricing data were required; or
- (2) In its fiscal year preceding award of this contract— $\,$
- (i) Received DoD prime contracts or subcontracts totaling \$10 million or more (but less than \$50 million) for which cost or pricing data were required; and
- (ii) Was notified, in writing, by the Contracting Officer that paragraphs (d) and (e) of this clause apply.
- (d) System requirements. (1) The Contractor shall disclose its estimating system to the Administrative Contracting Officer (ACO), in writing. If the Contractor wishes the Government to protect the information as privileged or confidential, the Contractor must mark the documents with the appropriate legends before submission.
- (2) An estimating system disclosure is acceptable when the Contractor has provided the ACO with documentation that—
- (i) Accurately describes those policies, procedures, and practices that the Contractor currently uses in preparing cost proposals; and
- (ii) Provides sufficient detail for the Government to reasonably make an informed judgment regarding the acceptability of the Contractor's estimating practices.
- (3) The Contractor shall—
- (i) Comply with its disclosed estimating system; and
- (ii) Disclose significant changes to the cost estimating system to the ACO on a timely basis.
- (4) The Contractor's estimating system shall provide for the use of appropriate source data, utilize sound estimating techniques and good judgment, maintain a consistent approach, and adhere to established policies and procedures. An acceptable estimating system shall accomplish the following functions:
- (i) Establish clear responsibility for preparation, review, and approval of cost estimates and budgets:
- (ii) Provide a written description of the organization and duties of the personnel re-

sponsible for preparing, reviewing, and approving cost estimates and budgets;

- (iii) Ensure that relevant personnel have sufficient training, experience, and guidance to perform estimating and budgeting tasks in accordance with the Contractor's established procedures;
- (iv) Identify and document the sources of data and the estimating methods and rationale used in developing cost estimates and budgets:
- (v) Provide for adequate supervision throughout the estimating and budgeting process;
- (vi) Provide for consistent application of estimating and budgeting techniques;
- (vii) Provide for detection and timely correction of errors:
- (viii) Protect against cost duplication and omissions:
- (ix) Provide for the use of historical experience, including historical vendor pricing information, where appropriate;
- (x) Require use of appropriate analytical methods;
- (xi) Integrate information available from other management systems;
- (xii) Require management review, including verification of the company's estimating and budgeting policies, procedures, and practices:
- (xiii) Provide for internal review of, and accountability for, the acceptability of the estimating system, including the budgetary data supporting indirect cost estimates and comparisons of projected results to actual results, and an analysis of any differences;
- (xiv) Provide procedures to update cost estimates and notify the Contracting Officer in a timely manner throughout the negotiation process;
- (xv) Provide procedures that ensure subcontract prices are reasonable based on a documented review and analysis provided with the prime proposal, when practicable;
- (xvi) Provide estimating and budgeting practices that consistently generate sound proposals that are compliant with the provisions of the solicitation and are adequate to serve as a basis to reach a fair and reasonable price; and
- (xvii) Have an adequate system description, including policies, procedures, and estimating and budgeting practices, that comply with the Federal Acquisition Regulation and Defense Federal Acquisition Regulation Supplement.
- (e) Significant deficiencies. (1) The Contracting Officer will provide an initial determination to the Contractor, in writing, of any significant deficiencies. The initial determination will describe the deficiency in sufficient detail to allow the Contractor to understand the deficiency
- (2) The Contractor shall respond within 30 days to a written initial determination from

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the Contracting Officer that identifies significant deficiencies in the Contractor's estimating system. If the Contractor disagrees with the initial determination, the Contractor shall state, in writing, its rationale for disagreeing.

- (3) The Contracting Officer will evaluate the Contractor's response and notify the Contractor, in writing, of the Contracting Officer's final determination concerning—
 - (i) Remaining significant deficiencies;
- (ii) The adequacy of any proposed or completed corrective action; and
- (iii) System disapproval, if the Contracting Officer determines that one or more significant deficiencies remain.
- (f) If the Contractor receives the Contracting Officer's final determination of significant deficiencies, the Contractor shall, within 45 days of receipt of the final determination, either correct the significant deficiencies or submit an acceptable corrective action plan showing milestones and actions to eliminate the significant deficiencies.
- (g) Withholding payments. If the Contracting Officer makes a final determination to disapprove the Contractor's estimating system, and the contract includes the clause at 252.242-7005, Contractor Business Systems, the Contracting Officer will withhold payments in accordance with that clause.

(End of clause)

[76 FR 28873, May 18, 2011]

252.215-7003-252.225-7030 [Reserved]

252.215-7005 Evaluation Factor for Employing or Subcontracting With Members of the Selected Reserve.

As prescribed in 215.370–3(a), use the following provision:

EVALUATION FACTOR FOR EMPLOYING OR SUB-CONTRACTING WITH MEMBERS OF THE SE-LECTED RESERVE (OCT 2008)

- (a) Definition. Selected Reserve, as used in this provision, has the meaning given that term in 10 U.S.C. 10143. Selected Reserve members normally attend regular drills throughout the year and are the group of Reserves most readily available to the President.
- (b) This solicitation includes an evaluation factor that considers the offeror's intended use of employees, or individual subcontractors, who are members of the Selected Reserve.
- (c) If the offeror, in the performance of any contract resulting from this solicitation, intends to use employees or individual subcontractors who are members of the Selected Reserve, the offeror's proposal shall include documentation to support this intent. Such documentation may include, but is not limited to—

- (1) Existing company documentation, such as payroll or personnel records, indicating the names of the Selected Reserve members who are currently employed by the company; or
- (2) A statement that one or more positions will be set aside to be filled by new hires of Selected Reserve members, along with verifying documentation.

(End of provision)

 $[73~{\rm FR}~62212,\,{\rm Oct.}~20,\,2008]$

252.215-7006 Use of Employees or Individual Subcontractors Who Are Members of the Selected Reserve.

As prescribed in 215.370-3(b), use the following clause:

- USE OF EMPLOYEES OR INDIVIDUAL SUB-CONTRACTORS WHO ARE MEMBERS OF THE SELECTED RESERVE (OCT 2008)
- (a) Definition. Selected Reserve, as used in this clause, has the meaning given that term in 10 U.S.C. 10143. Selected Reserve members normally attend regular drills throughout the year and are the group of Reserves most readily available to the President.
- (b) If the Contractor stated in its offer that it intends to use members of the Selected Reserve in the performance of this contract—
- (1) The Contractor shall use employees, or individual subcontractors, who are members of the Selected Reserve in the performance of the contract to the fullest extent consistent with efficient contract performance; and
- (2) The Government has the right to terminate the contract for default if the Contractor willfully or intentionally fails to use members of the Selected Reserve, as employees or individual subcontractors, in the performance of the contract.

(End of clause)

[73 FR 62212, Oct. 20, 2008]

252.216-7000 Economic price adjustment—basic steel, aluminum, brass, bronze, or copper mill products.

As prescribed in 216.203-4-70(a), use the following clause:

ECONOMIC PRICE ADJUSTMENT—BASIC STEEL, ALUMINUM, BRASS, BRONZE, OR COPPER MILL PRODUCTS (JUL 1997)

(a) Definitions. As used in this clause—

Established price means a price which is an established catalog or market price for a commercial item sold in substantial quantities to the general public.